#### 8

#### CITY INTELLIGENCE. STILL THEY COME.

The Graduates of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania—The Annual Commencement for Conferring Degrees at the Academy of Music this Ness.

The annual commencement of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, for conferring degrees in medicine, was held this noon at the Academy of Music, which was alterneed by ledies and gentlemen. At half-past this noon at the Academy of Music, which was thronged by ladies and gentlemen. At half-past 11 o'clock the procession, consisting of the faculty, the graduates, and the students of the college, filed out of the University hall and proceeded to the Academy, where their appearance upon the stage was the signal for a hearty burst of applause, and when this subsided the spacious building was alled with melody. The full design of the spacious that the stage was the stage of the space of building was filled with melody. The full Ger-mania Orchestra was present. This was the

Overture-"La Gazza Ladra ...... Rossint Waltz—"Rosen ohne Dornen"... Selection—"Don Giovanni"..... Mozart Shadow Dance—"Dinorah"...... Meyerbeer Galop—"Homburger Sprudel"...... Parlow Composed by G. Bastert

Prayer was then offered by the Right Rev. William Bacon Stevens, D. D., Episcopal Bishop of this Diocese.

The degree of Doctor of Medicine was con-ferred by Charles J. Stille, LL. D., Provost, upon the following gentlemen:-

upon the following gentlemen:—

Pennsylvania.—George D. Arnold, Daniel B. D. Weaver, Alfred Brown, Edwin Burd, J. P. Burd, R. Bruce Burns, Wm. J. Campoell, Jos. C. Channell, John H. W. Chestaut, John A. Clark, Marcus H. Corson, William Craig. Alex. Crawford, David Davidson, Alfred G. Davison, Daniel Dechart, Jeo. B. Dixon, Jos. W. Dunwiddle, Bertine S. Etwin, Charles G. Eastabrook, J. Howard Evans, Anthony R. Finck, J. Henry Fishburn, Lesher K. Francis, Milton B. Fretz, William Goodell (M. D.), S. Henderson Griffith, Thomas K. Halbauer, Hugh Hamilton Charles Hart, John W. Hav. Francis L. Haynes. Milton B. Fretz, William Gooden (a. B.), S. Henderson Griffith, Thomas K. Halbauer, Hugh Hamilton Charles Hart, John W. Hay, Francis L. Haynes, Robt, J. Hess, Alfred H. Hoffer, J. Bandolph Holcombe, Charles N. Houpt, Russell H. Johnson, W. P. Johnston, Ewing Jordan, William Knight, Geo. C. Laws, Frank M. Levan, J. Dillworth Livezey, Wm. J. Lockman, Edward D. Lumley, Dantel March, Jr., Jas. D. Mansteller, A. W. Miller, Spencer Morris (M. D.), Joshua R. Morton, Henry E. Muhlenberg, Jr., Oliver H. Moalister, John D. McGirk, William McKenzie, John J. O'Neill, Thomas E. Parke, Chas. R. Parvin, Albert C. Peale, Thomas C. Potter, Sam'l L. Lea, James W. Robbins, Charles Seller, Simon J. Seybret, John Wm. Sheets, Samuel W. Sine, Louis Starr, Edward Stiles, Jr., Louis S. Stille, Charles S. Turnbull, John S. Walker, Charles A. White, J. W. White, Carl Adolph Max Wiehle, Henry R. Williams, Henry D. Zendt, Jos. D. Zimmerman.

New Jersey,—Isaac B. Mulford, Jr., Joseph F. McCloughan, Addison W. Taylor, Edmund Hance, Edmund Y. Burroughs, William Leaming Matthews.

New York — Charles S. De Veny, Ort Ross, Zarem.

thews.

New York.—Charles S. De Veny, Ort Ross, Zaremba W. Waldren, Palson G. Udell.

North Carolina.—Howard Smith, Timothy E. Underwood, Thomas W. Lemb.

Virginia.—David D. Richardson (M. D.), Edward T. Robinson, Edward A. Stabler.

Delaware.—Francis M. Gurn, Columbus Henry.

Georgia.—Lewis B. Hadley, Polemon L. Hilsman.

Massachusetts.—William Richards, Nathaniel G.

Missouri,—Robert E. Young, William R. Hull. Ecuador, S. A.—Ignacio A. Ribadeneira, Fran-cisco J. Martinez.

Arkansas, George J. Lea, Jr. Colombia, S. A. Julio J. Larnadrid. Chili, S. A. Rudolfo Valdivieso.

Iova, — John J. Lewis.

Kentucky. — Samuel Brough, (M. D.)

Maryland — Bernard J. Byrne.

Missussippi. — James A. Moss.

New Brunswick. — Lemuel T. Jones. Tennesses.—Chalmers Deaderick. Texas.—Richard A. R. Hallum.

Of the foregoing there were from Arkansas, 1; Colombia, S. A., 1; Chill, S. A., 1; Delaware, 2; Ecuador, S. A., 2; Georgia, 2; Iowa, 1; Kentucky, 1; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 2; Missiasippi, 1; Missouri, 2; New Brunswick, 1; New Jersey, 6; New York, 4; North Carolina, 3; Ohio, 1; Pennsylvania, 77; Tennessee, 1; Texas, 1; Virginia, 3-total, 114.

The valedictory address was then delivered by Professor R. A. J. Penrose, M. D. We make this abstract of it:-VALEDICTORY ADDRESS BY PROFESSOR R. A. F. PEN-

ROSE, M. D.

Development is a characteristic of humanity; progress an inevitable law of our being; existence to its sequence would be as impotent as an effort to prevent an infant becoming a youth or a youth a

matared man.

An all-wise Providence seems to have ordained that he who possesses the God-like nature of man should begin his existence in a form and with capacities not above the humblest creature that lives; but the man should rapidly develop from this low estate; should assume the form of humanity and then should should assume the form of humanity and then should go on in an ascending career of progress, the sub-limer portions of which, in our present state of existence, we cannot even conceive of. Progress, therefore, gentlemen, irresistible, absolute, upward, onward, is your inevitable portion.

This day we meet you to celebrate a most interesting and important epoch in your development. This day the University of Pennsylvania has set apart to creat you as her new horn sons—to acknowledge

day the University of Pennsylvania has set apart to greet you as her new-born some—to acknowledge you as her children, to enroll your names in the honored list of hose who claim her as Alma Mater—to bless you and then bid you God speed in your great mission of good to humanity.

For years you have looked forward to this day, for years you have labored to deserve its honors. Self-denial at d toll have characterized your efforts.

The crowded lecture-room, the hospital ward, and the anatomical department have been your places of abode, and now, as I look round me, the pallid cheeks and attenuated forms of many of you tell how untiringly you have struggled to wrest from Nature those great secrets the knowledge of which renders their possessor potent for so much of ev

renders their possessor potent for so much of evil or good to his race.

The goal has been reached, the honor won! The ceremonies of to-day make you men. Byhood and the age of dependence are passed. Manhood and the age of self-reliance and action are upon you. A few weeks, or at most a few months, will find you busy participants in life's great conflict, battling with warm hearts and stout arms to win for your-selves a place and a rame among the men of yourselves a place and a name among the men of generation. Old ties are now suddenly to be New associations are to be made. The homes of your childhood ring no longer with your boylsh shouts. The boy has gone out into the world to bind himself with new ties and to make for himself oind himself with new ties and to make for himself a new home; and his young heart, agitated by its tumult of emotion, throbs joyously in anticipation of his coming life. He drops a tear to departing childhood and deserted friends, and then presses on into that future in which his fate is to be decided.

To-cay, no doubt, each of you, looking into that future, endeavors to catch a glimpse of the fortune which awaits him in that shadowy land of the "To come;" but the cloud which obscures it is brilliant with a heaven-lit radiance, and its far-off sounds that the straining ear eagerly catches are melodies ravishing in their sweetness, and burning words that speak of all that is good and great and blissful in store for you. Your reason tells you that there are mountains there, but your fancy represents them as mountains like Pisgah, beyond which lies the fair land of promise!

the fairy land of promise! Every one of you who hears me to-day, no matter how practical, how matter of fact your dispositions may be, loves to gaze on this beautiful though obscure vision of the future, and listens with deligut to the distant strains of coming joys; and, gentlemen, far be it from me to say one word which for a moment may lessen the charm of this delightful

The human pilgrim, in his journey through life, when he reaches that part of his pilgrimage where you now are, always gets into the high lands of the beautiful; there joyfully he lies down to sleep at night, and the angels of the country whisper into his ear unutterable things. The coid-blooded cynic says, "Fool, to be so happy here, and to be deceived by such lying words, when beyond shall most surely come pain and trials; friends shall prove false and lovers untrue; wealth shall elude the grasp, or if secured, be but an aeditional load to weigh down the weary trayeller. Honors, so eagerly sought, if obweary traveller. Honors, so engerly sought, if obtained will be found to be but bright garments used to envelop aching hearts, and the to envelop aching hearts, and the ignis fatuus of hope, which now so brightens the pathway of life for this silly pilgrim most surely at last shall go into

a grave!"

Gentlemen, the cynic is wrong, his philosophy is faise. This commonplace lamentation over youth's folly in giving way to the happiness springing from its so-called illusions as to the future is an insuit to a beneficent Delty. Providence seems kindly to have ordained that every man at a certain part of his career shall be transfigured, as it were, in the shadowy glories of the future—glories which, for the time at least, are not shadowy but real, and afford true bappiness to the soul. But, after all, what man dare say that these visions of youth are absolute illusions? May they not be truthful refractions of realities existing in another state of being? May not certain conditions of the moral or intellectual atmosphere cause the shores of another world, though ordinarily entirely invisible from this, to loom up cut of the ocean of eternity, and thus enable the mind's eye to catch some of the glories of that country where we hope, in a future state of existence, in another cycle of being, to go on in our wonderful careers of development?

Far be it, therefore, from me to say aught this day which in any way shall tend to make you less happy. My heart would beat this morning only in unison with yours, and my fancy would fain catch the rich reflections of glories which I know irradiate yours. This day shall be one devoted only to joy, and fou will admit with me the truth that the great object of existence is the attainment of happiness. Success in life is a most important element in human happiness, and the question of first interest to the foung man about to begin his career is, How shall I win that success in life for which I hope and after which I strive? And perhaps I cannot do you a greater service than to give in parting with you to-day a few hints on this very important subject.

Dr. Penrose then followed in some suggestions with regard to the qualities the possession of which he deemed essential to the success of every man, and concluded with the following remarks:—

Go forth fearlessly lato the fields of your professional labors. Be earnest, be single minded, be true to your patients; cultivate those qualities of heart and manner which are so essential to success, and as sure as the wise man of old spoke truly when he said, "I have been young and now am old, yet have I never seen the righteous forsaken or fits seed beginned."

as sure as the wise man of dots poke truly when he said, "I have been young and now am old, yet have I never seen the righteous forsaken or flis seed begging bread," as this is true, so surely shall you meet with that professional reward to which you shall be so richly entitled. And now, gestlemen, we bid you farewell! We have labored together, and to-day is the end—an end that is but the beginning. Human progress may be as illimitable as that eternity in which it is destined to develop, and the completion of one cycle may mark but the commencement of its successor. The thought is giorious, but most solemn. The first cycle in man's development is purely physical, the second largely moral, and what the next shall be is the, for us, unsolved problem of another life. But if the promises of the future may be hoped from observations of the past and present, we may reasonably believe that the development in the next cycle of human existence shall as far transcend the conditions in this, the second, as they perhaps do those manifested in the first. You leave us, gentlemen, bearing a in the first. You leave us, gentlemen, bearing a burden of precious seed. God grant that it may vield a rich return.

Go, then: your loved ones are waiting to greet you. I know full well their anxieties for you during your absence from your homes. I know how many a gentle mather this winter has hourly sighed her prayer to a God of promise that He would protect her darling amidst the dangers and temptations of a great city. I know the joy which was felt when that great city. I know the joy which was feit when that letter came which announced at home glad tidings of your success. A letter, perhaps, which was sanctified by the silent tear of joy of a glad father or a proud mother, who read in it that their dear boy had at length obtained that honor for which he had labored so hard and sacrificed so much; or it had labored so hard and sacrineed so much; or it may be, perhaps, gentlemen, for some of you that when the news was told your friends a pair of bright eyes grew brighter and a fair face more beau-tiful. It may be, perhaps, that for some of you, in fond hopes of your speedy return, that a tender heart, even now, is beating its love marches in quick

Go, then! May your fondest hopes be realized; may fortune crown and affection hallow your fature home, and when at length another land shall have been reached, may it be said of each of you that a good man has gone to his reward.

After another performance by the orchestra a portrait of Professor H. H. Smith was presented Mr. A. W. Taylor, on behalf of the class, to the trustees, in whose behalf it was received by John C. Cresson, Esq.
A benediction was then pronounced and the large audience dis persed.

#### ALMOST A MURDER.

A Sunday Night Shooting Affair—A Man Shot in a Tayern to Locust Street. About midnight on Sunday a party of men in a tavern at Duponceau and Locust streets had a quarrel, which resulted in one of them, named Cornelius Boyer, well known in that neighborhood, being shot in the stomach and also in one of his hands, said to have been done by James McCombs. Boyer was carried to the Pennsylvania Hospital, suffering from the wound. The condition of Boyer is considered critical. was very much prostrated last evening. His age is thirty-three years, and he resides at No. 226 Acorn alley. McCombs succeeded in eluding the grasp of the authorities until half-past 4 o'clock this morning, when he was arrested at Tenth and Locust streets by Lieutenant Flaherty and Officer McCarrigan. The prisoner is locked up at the Central Station awaiting a hearing.

THE COAL TONNAGE of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and branches for the week for the assault on the conding Saturday, March 11, 1871, was as attempt to shoot the officer.

TEANTER A	Total for Week.		Increase and Decrease.
Passing over Main Line and Lebanon Valley Branch	14.627'04	18,026'05	d3,339°01
for shipment by Canal	14,027.04	1,951 11	d1,951 1
hipped Westward via N. Central Railroad	9,222-16	2,209-10	7,013'06
hipped West and South from Pine Grove	1,522'04	506'92	1,016-05
onsumed on Lateral ehigh and Wyoming Co	2,191 19	1,891'06	299°E
Total Anth. paying freight	27,564 03	24,776 76	2,787'1
tuminous	11,361 06	7,320'06	4,041 0
freight	38,925 09 2,879 12	1,088:08	6,838 T
Total tonnage for week	41,105 01	33,185 00	8,6200
reviously this year	785,064*0	775,766'05	d50,702'0

Bogus Coin .- Arthur Downey yesterday palmed off on a market woman in Shippen street market a bogus gold dollar. The fraud was discovered in time, however, and Downey was given an exciting chase. Officer Burns, who was in citizen's clothes, had the honor of arresting Downey. In the pockets of the prisoner were found \$6 in bogus gold dollars, and when he was taken before Alderman Good, while in the office he attempted to swallow a number of pawn tickets. They throttled him, and made him disgorge. He was held in \$1000

SHIPPED BY CANAL.

INGENUITY REWARDED .- Philip Stongee, an ingenious but criminal individual, last night went to the doorkeeper of the ball-room on the third floor of Mechanics' Hall, at No. 536 N. Third street, and told that official that the gentleman behind the bar down stairs had requested him to come up and get \$2 in small change. The cash was promptly handed over and Stongee endeavored to leave the premises without delay. The trick, however, was discovered in time, and Stongee was taken in custody, and was held to answer by Alderman Toland.

CHAINED .- Officer Green, of the Sixteenth district, yesterday arrested a man named William Sharkey, who was endeavoring to sell a large linked log chain (stolen) to a junk man, on Market street, near Thirty-third. Alderman Randall held Sharkey in bail for a further hearing. The prisoner had a friend with him, but that individual escaped by leaping over a fence in the rear of the shop, just as the officer had entered it.

BURGLARS ARRESTED .- James Rogers and Walter Harris were arrested in Nicetown last evening, while engaged in attempting to enter by the rear the dry goods and trimmings store of Mrs. Souders. Officers Hagan and Rodgers, of the Fourteenth district, made the arrest, and found a jimmy near the door, and a quarter of a pound of powder in the pocket of one of the

THE REPUBLICAN DELEGATE ELECTIONS .-This evening the Republican delegate elections will be held for the purpose of electing representatives to the State Senatorial and Representative Conventions which meet to-morrow to elect delegates to the State Convention to be held on the 17th of next May, which convention is to put in the field candidates for the State Surveyor and State Auditor-Generalships.

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES .- Daniel Dougherty, Esq., lectured last evening at the Academy of Music on "Oratory" to a very large and very enthusiastic audience. The lecture was one of the most enjoyable of the "star" course. The next "Star" lecturer will be Mr. Josh Cillings, who will on Thursday evening next discourse upon "Natrit History."

ASSAULTED A WOMAN .- William Morris and Joseph White, both colored, last night smashed in the door of the house of Mrs. Jones, on St. Mary street, below Seventh, and then proceeded to whip that lady. A policeman interfered, and the two men were arrested. Alderman Carpenter held each of them in \$500 ball.

A MUSERAT KILLED .- Sergeaut Whartman. of the Eighth district, killed a muskrat, at Thirteenth and Spring Garden streets last night. The rat probably came out of an inlet, as there are many known to be in the sewers.

#### THE TOWN MEETING.

The Necessity of Attending It-Suspicious Movements in the Legislature.

Another session of the Committee on Town Meeting was held to-day in the Mayor's office. All the arrangements for the demonstration were completed, and the committee expressed the earnest desire that all tax-payers should turn out to protest against the passage of the infamous acts. While the committee was yet in session the Mayor received this despatch from Harrisburg:—

"The Committee on Municipal Corporation have just agreed to report by 11 ayes to 10 nays negatively on the Commission bills."

This despatch was regarded as a piece of

This despatch was regarded as a piece of This despatch was regarded as a piece of strategy on the part of the friends of the commission bills, to destroy the effect of the meeting to be held to-night, by giving the people to understand that the bills had been killed in the committee, and therefore there would be no use in a popular protest against them Some of the gentlemen at Harrisburg are so expert in ways that are dark that they would not refuse to employ any device to hoodwink the people. GO TO THE MEETING TO-NIGHT.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE AND STOCKS .- The following sales of real estate and stocks were made at the Exchange to-day at noon by M.

made at the Exchange to-day at noon Thomas & Sons:—

1 share Philadelphia Library Company...

1 share Haverford School Association...

23 shares Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad Company.

12 shares Harrisburg, Portsmoath, Mt. Joy, and Lancaster Railroad.

200 shares Pennsylvania Railroad Company
15 shares Philadelphia National Bank...

\$2000 Lehigh Val. Railroad coup. bonds, 68
81000 Chesapeake and Delaware Canal 68, gold. 97% +91% 

50 shares Manufacturers' National Bank.
480 shares Philada, and Read'g Railroad Co
653 shares Second and Third Streets Passenger Railway Co...
50 shares Green and Coates Streets Pas-\$8000 Pennsylvania Canal 6 per cent... \$17,000 Indianapolis and Vincennes Raii-

chine. 10 shares Central Transportation Company. 23 do. do. do. do. \$1100 Camden and Ambey R. R , 1889, mtg 25500 Ridge Avenue Railway Co. 7 per cent. .92% 1st m.... \$6000 Pennsylvania Railroad general mortgage. 100 shares St. Nicholas Oli Company.....

150 do. Dalzell Oil Company. \$2000 Union Passenger Railway 6s. Mr. Vernon, No. 2032—Modern Residence. FRONT (North), No. 216-Chair Manufac 5500 00 tory RIDGE AVENUE, No. 1619-Store and Dwell-

Dwelling.... A RUFFIAN ARRESTED .- The notorious Henry Desmouillin, who has such an antipathy to the colored folks that he never neglects an opportunity to assault them, is again in trouble. morning about one o'clock Lieutenant Flaherty and Officer Carrigan arrested Henry at Tenth and Locust streets. They did not secure him without difficulty, for he stoutly resisted, snutched the revolver from the pocker of Officer Carrigan, and, had it not been for the timely arrival of the lieutenant, there might have been another homicide. The offense for which Des-mouillin was arrested was a most violent and un-provoked assault on an old colored man named Charles Amos, who while walking quietly past Eighth and Locust streets some time ago was struck by Desmouillin with a blackjack and cut badly. The old man was then thrown to the ground and kicked in the most shameful manper. Alderman Morrow has held the prisoner the assault on the colored man and the

THE RELIEF FOR THE FRENCH AND GERMAN SUFFERERS.—A. J. Drexel, Esq., in addition to previous donations amounting to \$13,077.45, acknowledges to-day the following additional

sums received:-Collected by H. C. Gilpin: H. Wallace & Co. \$25.00 25.00 rian & Sons..... 25:00 rian (Colored)
Wm. H. Kirkpatrick & Co..... 25:00 Previously acknowledged..... 13, 13.80 ledged...... 13,077:45 Sons...... 50:00 M. A. Dropsie... 25:60

THE ELECTION IN CAMDEN.—The polls in Camden opened this morning at 7 o'clock, and were attended by those customary scenes of political excitement which are inseparable from elections. The votes polled were quite heavy during the morning hours, compared with former elections.

A PROFESSIONAL CORNER LOUNGER. - Joseph Black was arrested yesterday at Twentieth and Washington streets for corner lounging, and has been held in \$400 bail by Alderman Dallas. This man Black has a genius for the business. He has never been known to do anything else, even by the very oldest inhabitant.

BAD BOYS.—Alderman Sutphin yesterday afternoon bound over two boys, named Henry Dudson and Hugh Harvey, who were arrested at Sixth street and Germantown road for throwing stones. DWELLING ROBBED .- The residence of William Lee, No. 1600 North Ninth street, was en-

## LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

tered last night, and a number of dresses and

other articles taken.

A Trio in Trouble.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Peirce, The case tried to-day was that of Jacob Benson and Henry Flemmer, colored, and John Kennedy white, charged with burglary. The witnesses for the Commonwealth testified that on the morning of January 21st Kennedy was seen on the side walk "piping" the residence of Daniel Fisher, at Wallace and Loratn streets: that night this house was broken into, and goods valued at upwards of \$200 were stolen, and among them were a yellow trunk and a golo pencil; at two o'clock they got into a Wallace street car, Kennedy and Flemmer baving a yellow trunk in their possession, and all left the car in Seventh street below Spruce. The defendants offered evidence to prove an alibi.

The trial has not yet been concluded.

TO LET, THE THIRD AND FOURTH Floors of Building No. 111 8. Fourth street.

Rent low. E. G. NEWLIN,

8 11 4t No. 412 LOCUST Street.

NOTICE OF REMOVA1.

GOLD CHAIN MANUFACTURER, BULLION DEALER AND ASSAYER.

Having removed from No. 111 South Fourth street to No. 412 LOCUST Street (formerly Prune street), between Fourth and Fifth, Philadelphia, begs leave to inform you that he has purchased the Tools and Machinery, and leased the Factory occupied by the late firm of DREER & SEARS, increasing his facilities for manufacturing, and feels confident of producing a line of goods equal to any offered in this market.

Chemically Pure Gole, Silver, and Copper always on hand. Also, Gold Wire and Plate, of various grades of fineness for jobbing.

Rolling done for Gold Beaters, Jewellers, etc.

Old Gold and Silver Bought.

341 44

## BOILERS.

#### Allen's Patent will Remove Scale from Steam Boilers.

Guaranteed not to injure the iron. In boxed cans, three gallons. Price \$6 per can.

## JOSIAH J. ALLEN.

No. 4 South DELAWARE Avenue,

# THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

The Congressional Adjournment.

The Senate Tables the House Resolution

The Mu-Klux Investigation. A Bill Agreed Upon.

Later from Europe.

Germans Exiled from France

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

The Russo-Prussian Treaty.

FROM EUROPE.

The Expulsion of Germans from France. BERLIN, March 14.-The German Government has asked information from that of France whether the decree issued by the late Government of National Defense for the expulsion of Germans from France has been cancelled. An immediate reply was requested, but Favre desires time for consideration, and it has been granted.

The Russo-Prusslan Trenty. St. Petersburg, March 14 .- An official denial is given to-day to a recent report that a secret treaty existed between Russia and Prussia, which was to have been put into active operation in certain eventualities during the late

French Troops Interned in Belglum. BRUSSELS, March 14 .- The French troops interned in Belgium are now returning to France, but leave their arms in the hands of the Belgian authorities until after the conclusion of a definitive treaty of peace.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

Southern Outrages. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, March 14 .- The Republican Caucus Committee of the two houses held another meeting this morning for the purpose of perfecting a bill for the suppression of the Kuklux. The committee was not harmoulous, several members of it opposing that feature of the proposed bill which gives the President power to enforce the orders of the United States Courts by employing the army and navy. It was agreed by a majority to submit the bill to the Republican caucus before reporting it to either house for action. The Senate will adjourn early this afternoon and go into caucus. The

The Main Feature of the Bill is that all evasions of or offenses against the fourteenth amendment are hereafter to be considered crimes against the laws of the United States punishable by United States courts. Where civil process is obstructed the President is authorized to enforce the mandate of the court with the military and naval power of the Government.

House will hold a caucus this evening.

The Fourteenth Amendment is construed as guaranteeing protection to life and property to citizens of the United States in the several States. This, it is believed, will cover the case of the Ku-klux and make them amenable under the bill. The Foreign Relations Committee

of the Senate organized to-day, and Mr. Cameron declared his intention not to resign at present. With the exception of a few treaties there is nothing important before the committee requiring action at the present session. The Senate Finance Committee.

met this morning and directed Mr. Sherman to report several bills which failed at the last session. Among them is a bill authorizing the national banks to issue new notes for mutilated notes.

The Senate by a vote of 32 to 13 tabled the House resolution for adjournment. The Senate will not consider

The Question of Adlourament until it is ascertained whether the Ku-klux bill can be passed.

Senators Standered by a Newspaper Cor-respondent.
W. Scott Smith, the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. was to-day dismissed from his position as clerk to the Senate Committee on Public Lands for slandering Senator Anthony and other Senators. Naval Orders.
Despatch to the Associated Press.

Lieutenant Henry G. Macy is ordered to the South Atlantic Fleet. First Assistant Engineer Wm. G. Harris is ordered to the Boston Navy Yard. Master Henry O. Pendleton is detached from the Hydrographic Office and ordered to the Portsmouth, in the South Atlantic Fleet. Master George H. Church is detached from the Portsmouth and ordered to return to the United States. First Assistant Engineer Henry C. Blye is detached from the Pacific Fleet and ordered home.

The Joint Committee appointed by the Senate and House Republicans have agreed upon a bill for the better protection of life and property in the Southern States, which will be presented to the caucus for approval to-day. It is expected that the Senate will adjourn early this afternoon to allow the Republican caucus to be held.

## FROM NEW YORK.

Fifty Horses Burned to Death NEW YORK, March 14 .- The stables of the Grand Street Railroad, Brooklyn, were burned this morning, and fifty horses perished in the flames. The horses were valued at \$8000, the stock at \$2500. The insurance amounts to \$40,000, in the Citizens', Fulton, and other Brooklyn offices. Heavy Burgiary.

The residence of Miss Egerton, No. 395 Union avenue, Brooklyn, was robbed of \$5000 worth of jewelry and a large amount of oil and coal company bonds by a sneak thief last evening. No arrest.

Ship News.

New York, March 14.—The steamer Westphalia takes \$51,400 in specie to Europe to-day.

## FROM THE SOUTH.

RICHMOND, March 14.—The Legislature today elected John W. Johnston, Conservative, whose term has just expired, United States Senator by 108 to 50 cast for John R. Popham, I the Republcian nominee.

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON. Proceedings of Congress.

The San Domingo Question.

Protest Against Annexation.

Moro About the "Commission" Bills.

Dead as Reported.

Freshets in New England.

Evening Cable Quotations.

Opening of Navigation.

## FROM THE STATE.

The Commission Bills-Suspicious Legislation. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph HARRISBURG, March 14 .- At the hour of adjournment (1 o'clock, a new feature has appeared in the course of the Commission bills. As already telegraphed, they were ordered, by a unanimous vote of the Committee on Municipal

Corporations, to be reported negatively. After this action was taken the bills were distributed among the different members of the committee to be by them reported at the proper time' in accordance with the instructions of the committee; but it must be understood that the bills have not yet been absolutely reported. If it should happen that either accident or design prevents the bills from being reported, it will be within the power of a simple majority of the House to take up the bills and pass them after they have lald for ten days in committee. Under this phase these bills are not yet absolutely killed.

It is tolerably certain from the above that our noble legislators are playing a little game with the public. The bills will undoubtedly come before the House in regular shape, and will as undoubtedly be passed if the citizens of Philadelphia do not make themselves heard in an unmistakably emphatic manner on the subject. The Harrisburg despatches of to-day will furnish a fruitful subject for the orators to discourse upon at the indignation meeting this evening .- ED. EVENING TELEGRAPH. ]

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

The San Demingo Question—Protest of Natives of the Island Against Annexation.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Washington, March 14.—Mr. Summer presented an address to the Senate of the United States of North America, remonstrating against the proposed annexation of San Domingo, signed Thomas Bobadilla, late President of the Central Junta of the Government of the Dominican Republica, late President of the Supreme Court, late Minister of State, and Senator of the said republics, Pedro Pablo de Bouilla, late Senator and President of Supreme Court of Justice; Meriton Valverde, General of National Army, late Senator and member of Congress; Carlos Nouce, late Attorney of the Supreme Court of Justice, late Secretary of State, of Finances, and Foreign Affairs, and member of Congress; Pereira. Brigadier-General of National Armies: Josea Bouilla y Espans, Councillor of the Courts of the Republic and ex-attache of the Department of Justice; Felix Chaia and Augustins Bellini, Justice; Felix Chaia and Augustins Bellini, colonels in the army; Manuel Percira, late official of the republic, and Jose Casellanos, merchant, of San Domingo, actually residing abroad. The paper is in the Spatish language and bears date of San Carlos, De Aguadhia Island of Puerto Rico, January 16, De Aguadilla Island of Puerto Rico, January 16, 1871. It alleges that President Baez, for the purpose of accomplishing the annexation of San Domingo to the United States, a deed forbidden by the Constitution of the Republic of Dominico, has caused many patriots opposed to the project to be sentenced to death and executed, and has put others in chains, imprisoned many more, and imposed a vigorous ostracism upon the majority of the most influential and notable citizens of the country. That, for the same object of realizing his intentions, and in order to delude the Government and people of the United States with an appearance of legality, he has forced Dominicans to people of the United States with an appearance of legality, he has forced Dominicans to assemble for election, and compelled, with threats, the greatest part of the citizens to vote for annexation against their convictions and the interests of their country; that the majority of the people are opposed to all foreign domination; that the sole object of Baez in the project is to convert into specie large amounts of bills against the treasury of the republic, by their payment to himself and associates by the United States Government; that the annexation of Dominica would result in grave complications for the Government of the United States, and in fatal consequences for the sons of the soil. and in fatal consequences for the sous of the soil, and that it would be a violation of international law. Therefore the memorialists, in the name of them-selves and their countrymen, solemnly protest against the treaty of annexation which has been

#### presented by the Government of President Basz to the Cabinet of Washington. FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Spring Freshet-The Ice Moving. LEWISTON, March 14.—The river rose rapidly tilli midnight, but the flood is now abating. The ice in the river, from Bethel to the Rapids, two miles above the city, is jammed into one mass. For two miles from this point the ice-field is in some places twenty feet thick, and piled up for many feet at one point in the highway. The subsidence of the water renders it likely that the jam will not break. The bridge over the river here is unsafe, though still tra-

velled.

Mayor Miller, of Auburn, has issued a notice de-claring it unsafe. The boom of Packard & Conant, on Little Androscoggin, broke to-day. No logs thus far have slipped out of the Androscoggin above this point. Large numbers of logs belonging to the Lew-iston Steam-mill Company were running out of the Swift river yesterday.

New Bampshire Election. CONCORD, N. H., March 14.—The State election to-day is calling out quite a full vote. Up to one o'clock P. M. freturns from various points indicate that the Republicans would about hold their ground of last

PORTLAND, March 14.—The steamship Peruvian, from Liverpool, arrived to-day.

#### FROM THE WEST. Consolidation of St. Louis.

Sr. Louis, March 14.—The bill to consolidate the city and county of St. Louis under one government passed the House late last night. If it passes the Senate it will be submitted to the people.

A bill allowing railroads to issue bonds to the full amount of their stock and give one vote to each share of stock also passed the House.

A movement is on foot here to organize

An Emigration Seciety, to induce such "Alzatians" as desire to emigrate to this country to come come to Missouri. It will re-ceive the encouragement of Governor Brown and the State Government.

the State Government.

Putting to Rights After the Tornado.

The caisson under the eastern abutment of the bridge, which filled with water in consequence of damage to the machinery which worked the airpump by the tornado on last Friday, has been pumped out, and the men have resumed work. The rairoad companies are getting things into shape again, and the depots and other buildings demolished will soon be replaced by new ones.

## FROM THE DOMINION.

Opening of Navisation.

TORONTO, March 14.—Lake ports indicate an early opening of navigation. The rivers and harbors are free of ice. Lakes Eric and Huron are open and the Welland Canal is expected to be open by the 10th of Aprill. Steamers are running regularly on St. Clair river.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

The French Poilef Fund.

NRW YORK, March is... The French Relief Committee of the Chamber of Commerce has received the following telegram:

"Indon, March 18... Charles H. Marahall, Chairman, etc... The Lendon committee are doing efficient work, and practical application of relief is going on promptly and energetically. Further contributions of money, however, are much needed.

"CHARLES LANIER,"

# CONGRESS.

FORTY-SECOND TERM-FIRST SESSION.

Washington March 14.—Immediately after the reading of the journal the Senate took up the resolution from the House for a final adjournment to-morrow, the 15th.

Mr. Morion moved to lay the resolution on the table—carried, ayes 32, nays 13. The negative vote was made up of the Democrats and one Republican Senator—Trumbuil.

Senator—Trumbull.

During the reading of a paper by Mr. Summer, Mr. Sherman submitted the point that the memorial was not in order, as, under the established usage and rules of the Senate, petitions from foreigners were not allowed to be presented to the exclusion of business of the country.

Mr. Thurman thought Mr. Summer was entitled to read the paper as a part of any remarks he desired to make.

The Vice-President sustained the point of order, the effect of which was to prevent the further reading of the memorial.

Mr. Summer then proceeded to state the substance.

Ing of the memorial.

Mr. Sumner then proceeded to state the substance of the memorial. He said the position of the remonstrants was peculiar. They were exiled by the usurper Baez, who was now engaged, with the aid of American guns, in the work of selling his country. They protested against this as an outrage and a wrong, because their country was about to be sacrificed. The question now was whether, upon the simple principle of justice, they were not entitled to be heard here.

After some informal remarks as to the right of

tied to be heard here.

After some informal remarks as to the right of Mr. Sumner to proceed when no question was before the Senate, that Senator was about to continue when Mr. Morton inquired whether if it was in order for Mr. Sumner to make a speech at this time against San Domingo a reply would be in order? If so, he was in favor of letting the gentleman

go on. The Vice-President said—If the question of order was raised he should have to decide against the Senator's right to proceed, as he had already decided in the case of the Senator from Massachusetts. Mr. Summer went on to say that, in ruling the me-morial out of order, the Chair had not acted upon any rule, as there was none on the subject, and that the so-called usage had changed from that of former

The Vice-President finally reminded Mr. Sumner that the point of order against his further proceeding had already been made three times, and unless an appeal from the decision of the Chair was made, he could not proceed.

Mr. Sumner declined to appeal, and resumed his

House of Representatives.

Mr. Dawes desired to state to the House that at the late session there was prepared a bill regulating the method of presenting the estimates and keeping the accounts of the Tressury Department. The bill after explanations was passed.

Mr. Townsend, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution, which was passed, requesting the Secretary of the Interior to furnish at the next session of Congress maps showing the railroads of the United

Congress maps showing the railroads of the United States, the grants of public lands made thereto, etc. Mr. Poland offered a joint resolution authorizing the commission appointed to revise the statutes to print their report. In response to a question he said he believed that, before the adjournment of this Congress, we shall have a complete revision of the laws. He thought

have a complete revision of the laws. He thought all the general laws of the country will be compressed in two volumes, exclusive of treaties.

The joint resolution was passed.

Mr. McCrary, from the Committee on Elections, reported resolutions extending the time for taking testimony in several contested election cases, including that of C. C Bowen against Delarge, from South Carolina. They were severally passed.

Mr. McCrary said that time would be extended only in cases where it was shown to be necessary and reasonable.

Mr. Poland, from the same committee, reported a resolution, which was adopted, extending the time

Mr. Folano, from the same committee, reported a resolution, which was adopted, extending the time for taking testimony in the case of Maxwell against Hooper, the delegate from Utah.

Several other resolutions were adopted extending the time for taking testimony in certain cases.

Mr. Cox offered the following, and demanded the previous question:

1. Resolved, That economy requires that the annual 1. Resolved, That economy requires that the annual taxation should not exceed \$250,000,000, including \$125,000,000 principal of the public debt.

2. Resolved, That the tariff should be for revenue only, and not for the protection of class interests at

the general expense.

B. Recolved, That in case this session adjourns without the appointment of the Committee of Ways without the appointment of the committee of way-and Means, a special committee of seven be ap-pointed to consider and report upon the reform of our revenue and such bill or bills embodying a reve-nue tariff on the foregoing principles as will best our revenue and such bill or bills embodying a revenue tariff on the foregoing principles as will best carry the same into practical effect; and in case said Committee of Ways and Means be appointed at this session, that when the said committee shall-perform the duties required by this resolution.

Mr. Kelley objected to the resolutions, and therefore they were not entertained. They were, however ordered to be printed.

#### ever, ordered to be printed. The House proceeded to the consideration of the bill heretofore introduced by Mr. Beck to remove

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, March 14—Mr. Connell introduced the following Public Buildings bill and made aneffort to secure its passage, stating that it was a compromise bill.

Mr. Nagle objected until it was printed.

That it may be lawful for the commissioners, and they are hereby directed and required, to erect all the buildings required for the accommodation of courts of justice, and also of the municipal offices of Philadelphia, provided for in the act to which this is a supplement, act of August 5, 1870, upon the two portions of Penn Square which are bounded by Broad street, Market street, and Filbert street, after extending the westernmost portion of said Penn Square to Fifteenth street, and the easternmost to Thirteenth street, in the manner hereinbefore mentioned.

fore mentioned. Section 2. It shall be the duty of said commission section 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioners, and they are hereby required in the name and for the use of Philadelphia, and for the purpose of providing a suitable and sufficient sits for said public buildings, to acquire the possession, title, and ownership of the several tenements or messusges, houses, and lots of ground howsoever used, owned, or occupied the same now may be, and also of any lessehold or other rights or interests which are comprised within the space of and bounded by Market street, Filbert street, Merrick street, and Fiftsenth street; also the several tenements or mes-Market street, Filbert street, Merrick street, and Fifteenth street; also the several tenements or measuages, houses, and lots of ground, howsoever used. Owned, or occupied the same may now be, and also any leasehold or other rights or interests which are comprised within the space bounded by Market street, Filbert street, Juniper street, and Thiricenth street, in said city; and for this purpose the said commission shall have and possess, and may and shall exercise, all and singular the powers and authorities which are conferred upon the Commissioners of Fairmount Park by act of March 26, 1867, and the supplement thereto, so far as the same provides for the acquiring of property for pubile uses and for giving notice and taking other steps preparatory to taking possession of such property, except so far as said act and the supplements provide for assessing the cost of the property so taken for public buildings upon property adjoining or in the vicinity of the said public buildings, the intention being that the cost thereof shall be provided for by the sale of the bonds of the city as set forth in section 4 of this act. Fifteenth street; also the several tenements or mes

House.

The House was engaged during the morning session in considering the Appropriation bill in Committee of the Whole.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

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